

ZENITH ENGLISH

READING

직독직해 연습 및 스킬 정리

부록

The space shuttle Challenger had just taken off for its tenth flight in January 1986 when it exploded in the air and killed all seven people inside. Millions of people around the world were watching the liftoff because schoolteacher Christa McAuliffe was on board. McAuliffe, who had been chosen to be the first teacher in space, was planning to broadcast lessons directly to schools from the shuttle's orbit around Earth. This Challenger disaster led NASA to stop all space shuttle missions for nearly three years while they looked for the cause of the explosion and fixed the problem. They soon discovered that the shuttle had a faulty seal on one of the rocket boosters. Unfortunately, the teacher-in-space program was indefinitely put on hold. So were NASA's plans to send musicians, journalists, and artists to space.

According to Dr. Weil, green tea is prepared in a much more gentle fashion than ordinary black tea. Green tea leaves are steamed, rolled and dried to preserve the antioxidant compounds that give us health benefits. Dr. Weil suggests this antioxidant protects our heart by lowering cholesterol and boosting metabolism, and guards against cancer by removing radicals that can damage cells and push them in the direction of uncontrolled growth. Green tea also has antibacterial properties, which help prevent and fight illness. In China, green tea has been used as a medicine for at least 400 years, and numerous studies are reporting drinking green tea brings positive aspects to their health.

나만의 Skill

Coffee, often known as “black gold,” is the world’s top-selling product after oil. It is grown in 60 countries and is worth around \$ 80 billion per year. However, while affluent consumers pay several dollars for a cup of coffee and, in so doing, help international companies to make millions in profit, the coffee farmers themselves enjoy few benefits. An average coffee farmer receives less than 3 cents for a \$ 3 cup of coffee. Because they are forced to sell their crops at the lowest possible price, the farmers remain trapped in poverty.

나만의 Skill

Tobacco kills more people than all other drugs combined. The effects of smoking cause heart attacks, lung cancer, oral cancer, memory loss, and countless other diseases. The reason for these health problems is that each cigarette is filled with more than 200 different toxins including nicotine, a drug so powerful that it's more addictive than heroin. Furthermore, second-hand smoke affects countless innocent people who end up suffering for someone else's bad addiction. For this reason, smoking is more dangerous and less excusable than other drugs.

나만의 Skill

Children who under-achieve at school may just have poor working memory rather than low intelligence. Researchers from a university surveyed more than 3,000 primary school children of all ages and found that 10% of them suffer from poor working memory, which seriously impedes their learning. Nationally, this equates to almost 500,000 children in primary education being affected. The researchers also found that teachers rarely identify poor working memory and often describe children with this problem as inattentive or less intelligent.

나만의 Skill

After analyzing a mass of data on job interview results, a research team discovered a surprising reality. Did the likelihood of being hired depend on qualifications? Or was it work experience? In fact, it was neither. It was just one important factor: did the candidate appear to be a pleasant person? Those candidates who had managed to ingratiate themselves were very likely to be offered a position; they had charmed their way to success. Some had made a special effort to smile and maintain eye contact. Others had praised the organization. This positivity had convinced the interviewers that such pleasant and socially skilled applicants would fit well into the workplace, and so should be offered a job.

나만의 Skill

Few words are tainted by so much subtle nonsense and confusion as profit. To my liberal friends the word connotes the proceeds of fundamentally unrespectable and unworthy behaviors: minimally, greed and selfishness; maximally, the royal screwing of millions of helpless victims. Profit is the incentive for the most unworthy performance. To my conservative friends, it is a term of highest endearment, connoting efficiency and good sense. To them, profit is the ultimate incentive for worthy performance. Both connotations have some small merit, of course, because profit may result from both greedy, selfish activities and from sensible, efficient ones. But overgeneralizations from either bias do not help us in the least in understanding the relationship between profit and human competence.

나만의 Skill

America gets 97 % of its limes from Mexico, and a combination of bad weather and disease has sent that supply plummeting and prices skyrocketing. A 40-lb. (18 kg) box of limes that cost the local restaurateurs about \$ 20 late last year now goes for \$ 120. In April, the average retail price for a lime hit 56 cents, more than double the price last year. Across the U.S., bars and restaurants are rationing their supply or, like Alaska Airlines, eliminating limes altogether. In Mexico, the value spike is attracting criminals, forcing growers to guard their limited supply of “green gold” from drug cartels. Business owners who depend on citrus are hoping that spring growth will soon bring costs back to normal.

나만의 Skill

The definition of success for many people is one of acquiring wealth and a high material standard of living. It is not surprising, therefore, that people often value education for its monetary value. The belief is widespread that the more schooling people have, the more money they will earn when they leave school. This belief is strongest regarding the desirability of an undergraduate university degree, or a professional degree such as medicine or law. The money value of graduate degrees in 'nonprofessional' fields such as art, history, or philosophy is not as great.

In the past, it was possible for workers with skills learned in vocational schools to get a high-paying job without a college education. Increasingly, however, the advent of new technologies has meant that more and more education is required to do the work.

나만의 Skill

Astronomers today are convinced that people living thousands of years ago were studying the movement of the sky. Astronomers in those ancient cultures had no telescopes or binoculars, but they had great power in that they could predict the changing seasons, track time, and predict events like eclipses and the risings of certain celestial object. They know about and were able to predict these and other cycles only by observing carefully over periods of days, and months, and years.

나만의 Skill

Through discoveries and inventions, science has extended life, conquered disease and offered new material freedom. It has pushed aside gods and demons and revealed a cosmos more intricate and awesome than anything produced by pure imagination. But there are new troubles in the peculiar paradise that science has created. It seems that science is losing the popular support to meet the future challenges of pollution, security, energy, education, and food. The public has come to fear the potential consequences of unfettered science and technology in such areas as genetic engineering, global warming, nuclear power, and the proliferation of nuclear arms.

나만의 Skill

There is widespread fear among policy makers and the public today that the family is disintegrating. Much of that anxiety stems from a basic misunderstanding of the nature of the family in the past and a lack of appreciation for its resiliency in response to broad social and economic changes. The general view of the family is that it has been a stable and relatively unchanging institution through history and is only now undergoing changes ; in fact, change has always been characteristic of it.

나만의 Skill

At school districts across the country, the chief technology officers responsible for safeguarding student data are tearing their hair out. Scores of education technology start-ups are marketing new digital learning tools directly to teachers — many are even offering them free to get a foothold in schools. That has enabled educators nationwide to experiment with a host of novel “adaptive learning” products, like math and foreign language apps that record and analyze students’ online activities to personalize their lessons. But the new digital tools have also left school district technology directors scrambling to keep track of which companies are collecting students’ information—and how they are using it.

나만의 Skill

It's long been part of folk wisdom that birth order strongly affects personality, intelligence and achievement. However, most of the research claiming that firstborns are radically different from other children has been discredited, and it now seems that any effects of birth order on intelligence or personality will likely be washed out by all the other influences in a person's life. In fact, the belief in the permanent impact of birth order, according to Toni Falbo, a social psychologist at the University of Texas at Austin, comes from the psychological theory that your personality is incorrect. The better, later and larger studies are less likely to find birth order a useful predictor of anything. When two Swiss social scientists, Cecile Ernst and Jules Angst, reviewed 1,500 studies a few years ago they concluded that "birth order differences in personality are nonexistent in our sample. In particular, there is no evidence for a firstborn personality."

나만의 Skill

More and more people are turning away from their doctors and, instead, going to individuals who have no medical training and who sell unproven treatments. They go to quacks to get everything from treatments for colds to cures for cancer. And they are putting themselves in dangerous situations. Many people don't realize how unsafe it is to use unproven treatments. First of all, the treatments usually don't work. They may be harmless, but, if someone uses these products instead of proven treatments, he or she may be harmed. Why? Because during the time the person is using the product, his or her illness may be getting worse. This can even cause the person to die.

나만의 Skill

The majority of British people dress conservatively rather than fashionably. A small number of the upper and professional upper middle class, for example, barristers, diplomats, army officers and Conservative MPs, dress in the well-trying styles of the past 50 years or so. Many of the men still have their suits specially tailored, and are thus instantly recognizable as belonging to the upper echelons of society. Yet how they dress is wholly unrepresentative of society in general. The vast majority of people buy their clothes at the high-street stores, of which Marks and Spencer, a major British multinational retailer, must be the most famous. They wear the clothes of the British middle classes, perfectly passable but hardly stylish like the dress standards in much of Europe. Indeed, the British still have a reputation of being the worst dressed people in Europe, and they do not really care.

In fact, newspapers and magazines often stress that they print the news “straight.”

But the big problem is that there is the variable of human observation. For example, suppose 10 people view an accident, and afterwards, they are interviewed by a reporter. Each one offers a slightly different version. The overlap and its consistencies in their views all go into reconstructing what happened. The absolute truth is impossible to discover because each one saw the accident from a different position. In conclusion, many factors make it difficult to discriminate the truth.

나만의 Skill

Strategic thinking can make a positive impact on any area of life. The first step in strategic thinking is to break down an issue smaller so that you can focus on it more effectively. That's what automotive innovator Henry Ford did when he created the assembly line, and that's why he said, "Nothing is particularly hard if you divide it into small jobs." He also said, "Only one person in a million can juggle the whole things at the same time and think strategically to create solid, valid plans." He is well known for his habit of splitting tasks. Right before the beginning of each weekday, he would think about daily issues, prioritizing the issues for the weekday. He made it a rule to deal with the issues only allotted for the day.

나만의 Skill

In an early demonstration of the mere exposure effect, participants in an experiment were exposed to a set of alphabets from the Japanese language. As most people know, Japanese alphabets look like drawings and are called ideograms. In the experiment, the duration of exposure to each ideogram was deliberately kept as short as 30 milliseconds. At such short durations of exposure—known as subliminal exposure—people cannot register the stimuli and hence, participants in the experiment were not expected to recall seeing the ideograms. Nevertheless, when participants were shown two sets of alphabets, one to which they had been previously exposed and another to which they hadn't, participants reported greater liking for the former even though they couldn't recall seeing them! These results have been replicated numerous times and across a variety of types of stimuli, so they are robust. What the mere exposure results show is that people develop a liking towards stimuli that are familiar.

나만의 Skill

Since William Shakespeare lived more than 400 years ago, and many records from that time are lost or never existed in the first place, we don't know everything about his life. For example, we know that he was baptized in Stratford-upon-Avon, 100 miles northwest of London, on April 26, 1564. But we don't know his exact birthdate, which must have been a few days earlier. However, we do know that Shakespeare's life revolved around two locations; Stratford and London. He grew up, had a family, and bought property in Stratford, but he worked in London, the center of English theater. As an actor, a playwright, and a partner in a leading acting company, he became both prosperous and well-known. Even without knowing everything about his life, fans of Shakespeare have imagined and reimagined him according to their own tastes, just as we see with the 19th-century portrait of Shakespeare wooing his wife at the top of this page.

나만의 Skill

In the mid to late 1990s, Brazil was one of Latin America's fastest growing economies and "was the darling of the international investment community." In particular, the country's middle class was experiencing significant work-related opportunities to improve its standard of living. However, the effects of late-1990 economic "meltdowns" in Russia and Asia were crippling for the Brazilian economy. For example, the global economic turmoil resulted in a decline in sales of 27.5 percent from 1997 to 1998 for Brazil's automobile industry alone. In response to the nation's crisis, the country's president instituted a major currency devaluation. In 1998, employers eliminated over 580,000 jobs. The fortunes of the middle class became bleak as job losses found them unable to cope with the demands of financial purchases they made during the "good times."

나만의 Skill

You as the parent must try to read their crying to be able to help them. This will also help you assess your children's perception of your discipline. In many cases, when a child feels that he has been punished wrongly, it is more difficult to console him. He cried pathetically. Others may receive the punishment in a defiant mood. On the other hand, when a child feels guilty and he is not punished or assured of forgiveness, he is likely to feel insecure and timid. In such a case when punished they may cry but quickly compose themselves and seek to attract love from the parent. Children usually want the crisp and clean punishment followed by fellowship rather than living with uncertainty.

나만의 Skill

Written and spoken texts have certain things in common: A person who wants something done uses language to get it done. The types of language that the speaker and the writer use, however, are different because distinct social activities are involved in the two types of texts. In the written text, wherein the writer has never met and will probably never meet the readers, the communication is one-way and consists to a large extent of neutral formulae. Thus, a distant and formal tone is appropriate for this kind of conventional exchange. Meanwhile, the communication in the spoken text is a two-way process in which the interlocutors are necessarily engaged in some kind of personal interaction and thus a different type of language behavior is used to maintain a relationship.

나만의 Skill

Americans have ambivalent feelings about neighbors. This ambivalence reflects the tension we feel over our loyalties to group and to self and which of the two takes precedence. In other cultures, the group clearly takes precedence. However, in the United States, we draw boundaries around individuals and circumscribe their “space”. We conceptualize this space as privacy which protects the individual from the outside and from others. It is a concept that many foreigners find odd, even offensive. But again, it is the individual that is valued over the group, whether that group is a family, corporation, or community.

나만의 Skill

Stress is a fact of life and can affect all aspects of our daily existence. Stress can have a negative impact on one's mental, as well as physiological, functioning. An important issue here is the way that employees handle stress. For some individuals, stress motivates and challenges them to excel; this is eustress. For others, however, excessive stress diminishes the capacity to function and can have severe medical ramifications; this is distress. Even though stress is inevitable, the negative and dangerous consequences associated with it are not. Therefore, it is necessary to examine potential sources of stress, especially in the workforce, in order to prevent unnecessary and unhealthy outcomes for the individual as well as the organization.

나만의 Skill

Although industrial countries have made great advances in health care, today their health care systems are experiencing some serious problems.

By far the most urgent of these problems is financial: medical costs are rising faster than prices in most other areas of the economy.

In the United States, for example, nearly \$2 billion is spent every day for health care, and this amount is increasing at an annual rate of 12 percent.

As a result of these increasing costs, access to good health care is being reduced rather than expanded.

나만의 Skill

Dogs are considered by many to be “man’s best friend.” They are considered loyal, loving, and courageous members of the family. But at what cost?

Every year, people in the United States spend more than five billion dollars on dog food and seven billion dollars on veterinary care for their canine pets.

Added to this caring cost is the social cost of canine aggression. In one year, insurance companies in the United States paid 250 million dollars to victims of dog attacks.

When other costs are included, experts estimate that aggressive dogs cost society one billion dollars a year.

나만의 Skill

If you intend to use the drill for a lot of non-wood drilling (particularly masonry) then you should purchase a corded drill.

This is because cordless drills are not as powerful (the drill bit does not revolve as fast) and the battery will quickly drain if used to drill into brick.

However, for the occasional masonry hole, cordless drills are still adequate.

나만의 Skill

A well-known reply, when demands for expenditure seem unrealistic or wasteful, is that “money doesn’t grow on trees.”

Ironically, investing in forest management is one area where this is particularly true. Apart from a few exceptions, trees grow relatively slowly compared with other crops, timber harvests are infrequent, and forest product prices are held down by competition from other materials.

Furthermore, because of the long-term nature of forest management, the risk of such investment can be a major deterrent to potential investors.

Given these characteristics, the challenge of making a profit from forest management is daunting.

나만의 Skill

Once, there was a little boy who had a bad temper. His father gave him a bag of nails and told him that every time he lost his temper, he must hammer a nail into the back of the fence.

The first day the boy had driven six nails into the fence. Over the next few weeks, as he learned to control his anger, the number of nails hammered daily gradually dwindled. Finally the day came when the boy didn't lose his temper at all.

He told his father about it and the father suggested that the boy now pull out nails for each day that he was able to hold his temper. The days passed and the young boy was finally able to tell his father that all the nails were gone.

The father took his son by the hand and led him to the fence. He said, "You have done well, my son, but look at the holes in the fence. The fence will never be the same. When you say things in anger, they leave a scar just like this one."

나만의 Skill

The first step in considering the nature of sign language is to eradicate traditional misconceptions about its structure and function. Popular opinions about the matter are quite plain: sign language is not a real language but little more than a system of sophisticated gesturing; signs are simply pictorial representations of external reality; and because of this, there is just one sign language, which can be understood all over the world. It is now clear, from the results of the first research studies of this subject, dating from the 1960s, that all of these opinions are wrong. A clear distinction must be drawn, first of all, between sign language and gesture. To sign is to use the hands in a conscious, “verbal” manner to express the same range of meaning as would be achieved by speech.

나만의 Skill

One of the challenges we face in the world today is that a lot of the information we got about other people and places comes from the advertising and entertainment we see in the media. You can't always trust these types of information. To the people who make television programs and advertisements, true facts and honest opinions aren't as important as keeping you interested long enough to sell you something! In the past, the messages we received from television programs, advertisements, and movies were full of stereotypes. For example, some cultural groups were often portrayed as gangsters, while others were usually shown as the 'good guys' who arrested them. Even places were presented as stereotypes: European cities, such as Paris and Venice, were usually shown as beautiful and romantic, but cities in Africa and Asia, such as Cairo and Calcutta, were often shown as poor and overcrowded.

나만의 Skill

New York City Blood Center has experienced a constant shortage in blood donation. To meet the needs, approximately 2,000 people need to donate blood every day to maintain its supplies. Such large numbers are necessary since blood reserves are perishable and constantly need to be replenished. One pint of donated blood can save up to three lives. And one out of every three people will need a life-saving transfusion at some point in their lifetimes. Donate blood through the New York City Blood Center.

나만의 Skill

Many people have faced great obstacles in their lives but have found ways to overcome and actually benefit from these obstacles. For example, Greg Barton, the 1984, 1988, and 1992 U.S. Olympic medalist in kayaking, was born with a serious disability. He had deformed feet, his toes pointed inward, and as a result, he could not walk easily. Even after a series of operations, he still had limited mobility. Even so, Greg was never defeated. First, he taught himself to walk, and even to run. Then, he competed in his high school running team. He knew, though, he would never become an Olympic runner, so he looked for other sports that he could play. Happily, he discovered kayaking, a perfect sport for him because it required minimal leg and foot muscles. Using his upper body strength, he was able to master the sport. Finally, after many years of training and perseverance, Greg made the 1984 Olympic team.

나만의 Skill

Grub's birth rekindled my interest in the nature vs. nurture debate, which was at that time producing bitter arguments in scientific circles. Were we humans mainly the product of our genetic makeup or the product of our environment? In recent years, these flames of controversy have died down, and it is now accepted that in all animals with reasonably complex brains, adult behavior is acquired through a mix of inherited traits and experience gained as the individual goes through life. In other words, our behavior is neither wholly determined by our genes nor wholly free from them. The more sophisticated an animal's brain, the greater the role that learning is likely to play in shaping its behavior, and the more variation we shall find between one individual and another. And the information acquired and lessons learned during infancy and childhood, when behavior is at its most flexible, are likely to have particular significance.

나만의 Skill

The Colosseum is famous all over the world and is a symbol of Rome. But not many people know its historical significance in the ancient world. There was a terrible fire that destroyed much of Rome in AD 69 during the reign of Nero. After the fire, Nero built a lavish house in the center of the city. This house was so extravagant that it even had an artificial lake. When Nero died, the new emperor, Vespasian, destroyed Nero's house in order to give the land back to the people. In doing this, he built an amphitheater around Nero's artificial lake. This monument is what we now know as the Colosseum. In this way, the Colosseum can be seen as the symbol of democracy.

나만의 Skill

According to government figures, the preponderance of jobs in the next century will be in service-related fields, such as health and business. Jobs will also be plentiful in technical fields and in retail establishments, such as stores and restaurants. The expansion in these fields is due to several factors: an aging population, numerous technical breakthroughs, and our changing life styles. So the highest-paying jobs will go to people with degrees in science, computers, engineering, and health care.

나만의 Skill

Hot springs are found on every continent and on the ocean floor of the earth.

They are produced by the powerful emergence of heated groundwater from a fissure in the Earth's crust. For example, water from the hot springs of the Yellowstone National Park, a volcanic zone, is likely heated when it comes into contact with molten rocks. On the other hand, the phenomenon is called a hydrothermal vent on the ocean floor where the water that issues is warmed by the heat from the interior of the earth.

나만의 Skill

Some students make the mistake of thinking that mathematics consists solely of solving problems by means of formulas and rules. To become successful problem solvers, however, they have to appreciate the theory, recognizing the logical structure and reasoning behind the mathematical methods. To do so requires a precision of understanding the exact meaning of a mathematical statement and of expressing thoughts with accuracy and clarity. However, this precision cannot be achieved without real appreciation of the subtleties of language. That is, superior ability in the use of language is a prerequisite to become successful problem solvers.

나만의 Skill

Given the general knowledge of the health risks of smoking, it is no wonder that the majority of smokers have tried at some time in their lives to quit. But in most cases their attempts have been unsuccessful. People begin smoking, often when they are adolescents, for a variety of reasons, including the example of parents and pressure from peers. If others in one's group of friends are starting to smoke, it can be hard to resist going along with the crowd. Once people start smoking, they are likely to indulge in it.

나만의 Skill

Look at the following list of numbers: 4, 8, 5, 3, 9, 7, 6. Read them out loud and memorize that sequence. If you speak English, you have about a 50 percent chance of remembering that perfectly. If you're Chinese, though, you're almost certain to get it right every time. This is because pronouncing them in Chinese takes shorter time. In addition, the number—naming systems are in Western and Asian languages. In English, for example, they say fourteen and sixteen, so one might expect that they would also say oneteen and twoteen. But they don't. The number system in English is irregular. In contrast, Asians have logical counting systems. Those differences mean that Asian children learn to count much faster and perform basic functions better than Western children.

Being good at mathematics may be rooted in the different language systems.

나만의 Skill

Over the course of history it has been artists, poets and playwrights who have made the greatest progress in humanity's understanding of love. Romance has seemed as inexplicable as the beauty of a rainbow. But these days scientists are challenging that notion, and they have rather a lot to say about how and why people love each other. For a start, understanding the neurochemical pathways that regulate social attachments may help to deal with defects in people's ability to form relationships. All relationships rely on an ability to create and maintain social ties. Defects can be disabling, and become apparent as disorders such as autism and schizophrenia. Research is also shedding light on some of the more extreme forms of sexual behavior. And some utopian groups see such work as the doorway to a future where love is guaranteed because it will be provided chemically, or even genetically engineered from conception.

⇒ According to the passage above, scientists now consider love as something explicable.

나만의 Skill

Character is a respect for human beings and the right to interpret experience differently. Character admits self-interest as a natural trait, but pins its faith on man's hesitant but heartening instinct to understand and support others. Character is allergic to tyranny, irritable with ignorance and always open to improvement. Character implies the ability to laugh wholeheartedly and weep unashamedly. Character is, above all, a tremendous humility before the facts — an automatic alliance with truth even when that truth is bitter medicine.

⇒ A quality of character not mentioned by the author is patience.

나만의 Skill

Euthanasia generally refers to mercy killing, the voluntary ending of the life of someone who is terminally or hopelessly ill. Euthanasia has become a legal, medical and ethical issue over which opinion is divided. Euthanasia can be either active or passive. Active euthanasia means that a physician or other medical personnel takes a deliberate action that will induce death. Passive euthanasia means letting a patient die for lack of treatment or suspending treatment that has begun. A good deal of the controversy about mercy killing stems from the decision-making process. Who decides if a patient is to die? This issue had not been established legally in the United States. The matter is left to state law, which usually allows the physician in charge to suggest the option of death to a patient's relatives, especially if the patient is brain-dead.

The article suggests that euthanasia should be a controversial issue not to be easily resolved.

나만의 Skill

Hawthorn experiment was conducted in the late 1920s and early 1930s. The management of Western Electric's Hawthorn plant, located near Chicago, wanted to find out if environmental factors, such as lighting, could affect workers' productivity and morale. A team of social scientists experimented with a small group of employees who were set apart from their coworkers. The environmental conditions of this group's work area were controlled, and the subjects themselves were closely observed. To the great surprise of the researchers, the productivity of these workers increased in response to any change in their environmental conditions. The rate of work increased even when the change (such as sharp increase in the level of light in the workplace) seemed unlikely to have such an effect. It was concluded that the presence of the observers had caused the workers in the experimental group to feel special. As a result, the employees came to know

and trust one another, and they developed a strong belief in the importance of their job. The researchers believed that this, not the changes in the work environment, accounted for the increased productivity.

⇒ The Hawthorn experiment suggests that workers' attitudes are more important than their environment.

나만의 Skill

Chicago's Newberry Library and the Brookfield Zoo were among 10 institutions presented Monday with the National Medal for Museum and Library Service by First Lady Laura Bush at the White House. The annual awards, given by the Institute of Museum and Library Services in Washington, D.C., honor institutions for their collections and community involvement, and include a \$10,000 award each. The Brookfield Zoo was honored for programs such as Zoo Adventure Passport, which provides free field trips to low-income families. "Brookfield Zoo is a living classroom for local students," Bush said. The Newberry Library was also honored for its extensive collection of more than half a million maps and its role in helping African-Americans trace their family heritage.

나만의 Skill

During the nine-week summer session, services for the university community will follow a revised schedule. Specific changes for campus bus services, the cafeteria, and summer hours for the infirmary and recreational and athletic facilities will be posted on the bulletin board outside of the cafeteria. Weekly movie and concert schedules are being finalized and will be posted outside the cafeteria every Wednesday. Campus buses will leave the main hall every half an hour and make all of the regular stops along their routes around the campus. The cafeteria will serve breakfast, lunch, and early dinner from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. during the weekdays and from noon to 7 p.m. on the weekends. The library will maintain regular hours during the weekdays, but shorter hours noon to 7 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays. All students who want to use library borrowing services and the recreational, athletic, and entertainment facilities must have an authorized summer identification card. This announcement will also appear in the next issue of the student newspaper.

East of the Mississippi, the land rises slowly into the foothills of the Appalachian Mountains. At the edge of the Canadian plains, the Canadian Shield, a giant core of rock centered on the Hudson and James Bays, anchors the continent. The stony land of the Shield makes up the eastern half of Canada and the northeastern United States. In northern Quebec, the Canadian Shield descends to the Hudson Bay. The heavily eroded Appalachian Mountains are North America's oldest mountains and the continent's second-longest mountain range. They extend about 1,500 miles from Quebec to central Alabama. Coastal lowlands lie east and south of the Appalachians. Between the mountains and the coastal lowlands lies a wide area of rolling hills. Many rivers cut through the Piedmont and flow across to the Atlantic Coastal Plain in the Carolinas.

나만의 Skill

Poet James Dickey was one of those people who could make good on every boast. A college football and track star, he flew 100 missions in World War II. He was a successful advertising writer, an expert archer, and a guitar player. He also published more than 20 volumes of poetry, for which he won a National Book Award. The irony is that outside of the small audience for American poetry, Dickey was famous not as a poet but as the author of gripping novels. This must have rankled him, because he always insisted he wrote his three novels merely to pay the rent. But this is only one of many inconsistencies that crease through Dickey's life. He came from a family that had, he admitted, "no interest in the arts, and none had as little interest as I." He never quite got over his youthful anti-intellectualism.

나만의 Skill

The Wildfoods Festival takes place in the old mining town of Hokitika on the west coast of the South Island. This year, the organizers are preparing for more than 23,000 curious visitors from all over the world, a 10 percent increase in attendance over last year's crowd. Each year, the chefs invent more and more exotic dishes, and you may need to have a strong stomach and be open-minded to try them. This year they are offering new dishes such as insect eggs, scorpions, and venison tongue. Last year's favorites are still available: kangaroo and emu steaks fresh from neighboring Australia, and of course, earthworms and snails. It's a country full of sheep, but don't expect to eat any of them here!

나만의 Skill

What an Indian eats depends on his region, religion, community, and caste. It also depends on his wealth. A vast proportion of the Indian population is made up of the rural poor who subsist on a diet that meets only about 80 percent of their nutritional requirements. Many of the poor, unable to find work all year round, and therefore unable to buy food everyday, have to manage their hunger by fasting on alternate days. In Bengal, the meals of the poor are made up of rice, a little dhal flavored with salt, chillies, and a few spices, some potatoes or green vegetables, tea and paan. Paan, which is an areca nut mixed with spices and rolled up in a betel leaf, is chewed after the meal. Although it seems a luxury, in fact, the poor use it to stave off hunger.

나만의 Skill